Protogate Freeway® Software Requirements Specification (SRS)

DC 900-2021D

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Protogate Freeway® Software Requirements Specification (SRS): DC 900-2021D

by Protogate, Inc.

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This Software Requirements Specification (SRS) identifies the requirements which must be satisfied by the Protogate Freeway® software.

The latest version of this document is always available, in a variety of formats and compression options, from the Protogate World Wide Web server (http://www.protogate.com/support/manuals).

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Preface

Purpose of Document

This Software Requirements Specification (SRS) identifies the requirements of the Protogate Freeway® software.

Intended Audience

This document should be read by anyone who needs requirements information about the Protogate Freeway software.

Organization of Document

This document is organized into the following major sections:

Chapter 1

is an overview of this document and of the Protogate Freeway software.

Chapter 2

is a list of other documents referenced by this document.

Chapter 3

describes the Freeway software requirements.

Chapter 4

describes the methods which will be used to ensure that the Freeway software requirements are met.

Chapter 5

traces each software requirement in Chapter 3 to the Freeway software component which satisfies that requirement.

Chapter 6

includes general information to aid in understanding this document.

Protogate References

The following general product documentation list is provided to familiarize you with the available Protogate Freeway and embedded ICP products. Most of these documents are available on-line at Protogate's website (http://www.protogate.com/). Additional information about documents which are specifically referenced by this Software Requirements Specification (SRS) are in Chapter 2 of this document.

General Product Overview Documents

Freeway 1100 Technical Overview	25-000-0419
Freeway 2000/4000/8800 Technical Overview	25-000-0374
ICP2432 Technical Overview	25-000-0420
ICP6000X Technical Overview	25-000-0522

Hardware Support Documents

Freeway 500 Hardware Installation Guide	DC-900-2000
Freeway 1100/1150 Hardware Installation Guide	DC-900-1370
Freeway 1200/1300 Hardware Installation Guide	DC-900-1537
Freeway 2000/4000 Hardware Installation Guide	DC-900-1331
Freeway 8800 Hardware Installation Guide	DC-900-1553
Freeway 3100 Hardware Installation Guide	DC-900-2002
Freeway 3200 Hardware Installation Guide	DC-900-2003
Freeway 3400 Hardware Installation Guide	DC-900-2004
Freeway 3600 Hardware Installation Guide	DC-900-2005
Freeway 3110 Hardware Installation Guide	DC-900-2012
Freeway 3210 Hardware Installation Guide	DC-900-2013
Freeway 3410 Hardware Installation Guide	DC-900-2014
Freeway 3610 Hardware Installation Guide	DC-900-2015
Freeway 3112 Hardware Installation Guide	DC-900-2016
Freeway 3212 Hardware Installation Guide	DC-900-2017
Freeway 3412 Hardware Installation Guide	DC-900-2018
Freeway 3612 Hardware Installation Guide	DC-900-2019
Freeway 3114 Hardware Installation Guide	DC-900-2026
Freeway 3214 Hardware Installation Guide	DC-900-2027
Freeway 3414 Hardware Installation Guide	DC-900-2028
Freeway 214 Hardware Installation Guide	DC-900-2030
Freeway 3414/3414R Hardware Maintenance Guide	DC-900-2031
Freeway 3115 Hardware Installation Guide	DC-900-2032
Freeway 3215 Hardware Installation Guide	DC-900-2033
Freeway 3415 Hardware Installation Guide	DC-900-2034
Freeway 215 Hardware Installation Guide	DC-900-2035
Freeway ICP6000R/ICP6000X Hardware Description	DC-900-1020
ICP6000(X)/ICP9000(X) Hardware Description and Theory of Operation	DC-900-0408
ICP2424 Hardware Description and Theory of Operation	DC-900-1328
ICP2432 Hardware Description and Theory of Operation	DC-900-1501
ICP2432 Electrical Interfaces (Addendum to DC-900-1501)	DC-900-1566
ICP2432 Hardware Installation Guide	DC-900-1502
ICP2432B Hardware Installation Guide	DC-900-2009

Freeway Software Installation and Configuration Support Documents

Freeway User Guide	DC-900-1333
Freeway Loopback Test Procedures	DC-900-1533
Freeway Release Addendum: Client Platforms	DC-900-1555
Freeway Message Switch User Guide	DC-900-1588
Freeway Software Requirements Specification (SRS)	DC-900-2021
Freeway Ports, Protocols, and Services (PPS)	DC-900-2022
Freeway Software Version Description (SVD)	DC-900-2023
Freeway Lifecycle Support Plan (LSP)	DC-900-2024
Freeway Security Features User's Guide (SFUG)	DC-908-3004
Freeway Security Target (ST)	DC-908-3005

Embedded ICP Software Installation and Programming Support Documents

ICP2432 User Guide for Digital UNIX	DC-900-1513
ICP2432 User Guide for OpenVMS Alpha	DC-900-1511
ICP2432 User Guide for OpenVMS Alpha (DLITE Interface)	DC-900-1516
ICP2432 User Guide for Solaris STREAMS	DC-900-1512
ICP2432 User Guide for Windows NT	DC-900-1510
ICP2432 User Guide for Windows NT (DLITE Interface)	DC-900-1514

Application Program Interface (API) Programming Support Documents

Freeway Data Link Interface Reference Guide	DC-900-1385
Freeway Transport Subsystem Interface Reference Guide	DC-900-1386
QIO/SQIO API Reference Guide	DC-900-1355

Socket Interface Programming Support Documents

Freeway Client-Server Interface Control Document DC-900-1303

Toolkit Programming Support Documents

Freeway Server-Resident Application (SRA) Programmer Guide	DC-900-1325
OS/Impact Programmer Guide	DC-900-1030
Freeway OS/Protogate Programmer's Guide	DC-900-2008
Protocol Software Toolkit Programmer Guide	DC-900-1338
Protocol Software Toolkit Programmer's Guide (ICP2432B)	DC-900-2007

Protocol Support Documents

ADCCP NRM Programmer Guide	DC-900-1317
Asynchronous Wire Service (AWS) Programmer Guide	DC-900-1324
AUTODIN Programmer Guide	DC-908-1558
Bit-Stream Protocol Programmer Guide	DC-900-1574
BSC Programmer Guide	DC-900-1340
BSCDEMO User Guide	DC-900-1349
BSCTRAN Programmer Guide	DC-900-1406
DDCMP Programmer Guide	DC-900-1343
Military/Government Protocols Programmer Guide	DC-900-1602
N/SP-STD-1200B Programmer Guide	DC-908-1359
NASCOM Programmer's Guide	DC-900-2010
SIO STD-1300 Programmer Guide	DC-908-1559
TIMI Programmer's Guide	DC-900-2011
X.25 Call Service API Guide	DC-900-1392
X.25/HDLC Configuration Guide	DC-900-1345
X.25 Low-Level Interface	DC-900-1307

Document Conventions

In this document, the term "Freeway" refers to the Freeway software, regardless of which type of Freeway chassis it is running on.

Revision History

The revision history of the Freeway Software Requirements Specification (SRS), Protogate document DC 900-2021, is recorded below:

Table 1. Revision History

Revision	Release Date	Description
DC 900-2021A	October, 2013	Initial Release
DC 900-2021B	September, 2015	Updated for Freeway 7.1-2
DC 900-2021C	October, 2019	Updated for Freeway 8.2-0
DC 900-2021D	May, 2022	Updated for Freeway 9.0-0

Customer Support

If you are having trouble with any Protogate product, call us at 1-858-451-0865 (U.S.) Monday through Friday between 8 a.m. and 5 p.m. Pacific time. You can email your questions to us at support@protogate.com at any time.

Chapter 1. Scope

1.1. Identification

This document describes the requirements which must be met by the Protogate Freeway® software, when running on a Protogate Freeway system.

1.2. System Overview

The Protogate Freeway is a data communication system which connects one or more serial-link channels (Wide-Area-Network, or WAN channels) of various types to one or more IP (Internet Protocol) networks. The Freeway acts as a gateway, providing WAN channel access to clients on the IP network.

The Protogate Freeway software is the comprehensive software suite which runs on all Freeways and completely controls them. The Freeway software is based on the FreeBSD operating system, and has been modified to control one or more Protogate Intelligent Communications Processor (ICP) boards. ICP boards are Protogate-manufactured boards which can be installed into a Freeway chassis, plugged into one or more serial-link (WAN) channels, and configured to implement a data communications protocol.

1.3. Document Overview

This document describes the requirements which must be met by the Freeway software. This document is not sensitive or private, and may be disseminated as widely as desired, with no restrictions.

Chapter 2. Reference Documents

A full list of Protogate documents is in the Preface Section of this document.

Documents referenced by this Software Requirements Specification (SRS) are listed in Table 2-1.

Table 2-1. Referenced Documents

Number	Title	Revision	Date
DI-IPSC-81433A	Data Item Description (DID): Software Requirements Specification (SRS)	A	15 Dec, 1999
DC-900-1333	Freeway User's Guide	Q	Sep, 2013
DC-900-1385	Freeway Data Link Interface Reference Guide	Е	Mar, 2002
DC-900-1386	Freeway Transport Subsystem Interface Reference Guide	D	Mar, 2002
DC-900-2034	Freeway 3415 Hardware Installation Guide (SFUG)	A	Feb, 2021
DC-908-3004	Freeway Security Features User's Guide (SFUG)	D	May, 2022

Many of the DC-900- Protogate documents are available on-line at http://www.protogate.com/support/manuals.

Chapter 3. Requirements

3.1. Required States and Modes

Once booted, a Freeway is always in only one state: ready. All references to any Freeway operation in this document refer to a Freeway in the ready state.

3.2. Freeway Capability Requirements

This section describes the requirements which are specific to the primary mission of most Freeways, which is to enable WAN access via an IP network.

3.2.1. DLI/TSI Server Requirement

The Freeway software must provide a complete DLI/TSI server interface, as described in the two manuals *Freeway Data Link Interface Reference Guide (DC-900-1385)* and *Freeway Transport Subsystem Interface Reference Guide (DC-900-1386)*.

3.2.2. ICP Hosting Requirement

The Freeway software must provide complete support for one or more ICP boards. This support must include not only driver-level support and protocol-downloading support, but also inter-communication between DLI/TSI clients and the ICP board serial data ports.

3.2.3. User Interface Requirements

The Freeway software must provide a user interface to allow one or more users to login and control the operation of the Freeway. Users may login via either an Ethernet interface, or directly through a serial console cable. The user interface must offer the ability for logged-in users to perform all actions which may be necessary to get information about or control the Freeway.

3.3. Freeway External Interface Requirements

The external interfaces of the Freeway software are to one or more DLI/TSI clients (generally across the Ethernet, but may also be via the "localhost" network address from within the Freeway), to one or more data-communications ports (on the ICP boards), and to one or more logged-in users (which may be via a serial console connection, or via an Ethernet connection). The requirements which must be met for each of these interfaces are specified in Section 3.2.

3.4. Freeway Internal Interface Requirements

No internal interface requirements are imposed on the Freeway software; the design of the Freeway software is free to use any internal interfaces which result in meeting the other requirements of this SRS.

3.5. Freeway Internal Data Requirements

No internal data requirements are imposed on the Freeway software; the design of the Freeway software is free to use any internal data structures or designs which result in meeting the other requirements of this SRS.

3.6. Adaptation Requirements

The Freeway will need to be configured to a specific IP address, to allow network clients to connect to it. See the *Freeway User's Guide (DC-900-1333)* for a description of how to setup and configure a Freeway.

3.7. Safety Requirements

No safety requirements are imposed on the Freeway software.

3.8. Security and Privacy Requirements

The Freeway must be able to be configured to ensure its own security and the security and privacy of all data which passes through it. The specific security and privacy requirements listed here are taken from *UNIX SRG*, *Version 1*, *Release 2* published on 02 August, 2012 by the United States Defense Information Systems Agency (DISA). More details about each requirement are in that document, and information about how to verify that a Freeway satisfies each of these requirements is in Chapter 4 of this document, and in Protogate document DC-908-3004: *Freeway Security Features User's Guide (SFUG)*.

The security requirements listed here are not exhaustive; many security features are available on the Freeway which are not included here, either because they are not necessary to the normal operation of a Freeway (for example, participation in the NTP protocol), or because they are so well understood or can be used in so many different ways that listing them here would be confusing (for example, the Freeway firewall). See Protogate document DC-908-3004: *Freeway Security Features User's Guide (SFUG)* for more details about some of those Freeway capabilities.

3.8.1. GEN000100 - Supported Release

Summary	The operating system must be a supported release.
Notes	An operating system release is considered supported if the vendor continues to provide
	security patches for the product. With an unsupported release, it will not be possible to
	resolve security issues discovered in the system software.

3.8.2. GEN000120 - Supported Components

Summary	Vendor-recommended software patches and updates, and system security patches and updates, must be installed and up-to-date.
Notes	Timely patching is critical for maintaining the operational availability, confidentiality, and integrity of Information Technology (IT) systems. However, failure to keep operating system and application software patched is a common mistake made by IT professionals. New patches are released daily, and it is often difficult for even experienced system administrators to keep abreast of all the new patches. When new weaknesses in an operating system exist, patches are usually made available by the vendor to resolve the problems. If the most recent recommended updates and security patches are not installed, unauthorized users may take advantage of weaknesses present in the unpatched software. The lack of prompt attention to patching could result in a system compromise.

3.8.3. GEN000240 - Network Time-Server

Summary	The system clock must be synchronized to an authoritative DoD time source.
Notes	To assure the accuracy of the system clock, it must be synchronized with an authoritative time source within DoD. Many system functions, including time-based login and activity restrictions, automated reports, system logs, and audit records depend on an accurate system clock. If there is no confidence in the correctness of the system clock, time-based functions may not operate as intended and records may be of diminished value. Authoritative time sources include authorized time servers within the enclave that synchronize with upstream authoritative sources. Specific requirements for the upstream synchronization of Network Time Protocol (NTP) servers are covered in the Network Other Devices STIG. For systems located on isolated or closed networks, it is not necessary to synchronize with a global authoritative time source. If a global authoritative time source is not available to systems on an isolated network, a local authoritative time source must be established on this network and used by the systems connected to this network. This is necessary to provide the ability to correlate events and allow for the correct operation of time-dependent protocols between systems on the isolated network. If the system is completely isolated (no connections to networks or other systems), time synchronization is not required as no correlation of events between systems will be necessary. If the system is completely isolated, this requirement is not applicable.

3.8.4. GEN000400 - Logon Warning Banner Display

Summary	The Department of Defense (DoD) login banner must be displayed immediately prior to, or as part of, console login prompts.
Notes	Failure to display the login banner prior to a logon attempt will negate legal proceedings
	resulting from unauthorized access to system resources.

3.8.5. GEN000440 - Logging Login Attempts

Summary	Successful and unsuccessful logins and logouts must be logged.
Notes	Monitoring and recording successful and unsuccessful logins assists in tracking unauthorized
	access to the system. Without this logging, the ability to track unauthorized activity to
	specific user accounts may be diminished.

3.8.6. GEN000560 - Password Protect Enabled Accounts

Summary	The system must not have accounts configured with blank or null passwords.
Notes	If an account is configured for password authentication but does not have an assigned
	password, it may be possible to log into the account without authentication. If the root user is
	configured without a password, the entire system may be compromised. For user accounts not
	using password authentication, the account must be configured with a password lock value
	instead of a blank or null value.

3.8.7. GEN001060 - Log Root Access Attempts

Summary	The system must log successful and unsuccessful access to the root account.
Notes	If successful and unsuccessful logins and logouts are not monitored or recorded, access
	attempts cannot be tracked. Without this logging, it may be impossible to track unauthorized
	access to the system.

3.8.8. GEN001100 - Encrypting Root Access

Summary	Root passwords must never be passed over a network in clear text form.
Notes	If a user accesses the root account (or any account) using an unencrypted connection, the
	password is passed over the network in clear text form and is subject to interception and
	misuse. This is true even if recommended procedures are followed by logging on to a named
	account and using the su command to access root.

3.8.9. GEN001120 - Direct Root Access

Summary	The system must not permit root logins using remote access programs, such as SSH.
Notes	Even though communications are encrypted, an additional layer of security may be gained by
	extending the policy of not logging directly on as root. In addition, logging in with a
	user-specific account preserves the audit trail.

3.8.10. GEN001640 - Run Control Scripts World Writable Programs or Scripts

Summary	Run control scripts must not execute world-writable programs or scripts.
Notes	World-writable files could be modified accidentally or maliciously to compromise system
	integrity.

3.8.11. GEN002040 - Access Control Files Documentation

Summary	There must be no .rhosts, .shosts, hosts.equiv, or shosts.equiv files on the system.
Notes	The .rhosts, .shosts, hosts.equiv, and shosts.equiv files are used to configure host-based
	authentication for individual users or the system. Host-based authentication is not sufficient
	for preventing unauthorized access to the system.

3.8.12. GEN002680 - Audit Logs Accessibility

Summary	System audit logs must be owned by root.
Notes	Failure to give ownership of system audit log files to root provides the designated owner and
	unauthorized users with the potential to access sensitive information.

3.8.13. GEN002700 - Audit Logs Permissions

Summary	System audit logs must have mode 0640 or less permissive.
Notes	If a user can write to the audit logs, audit trails can be modified or destroyed and system
	intrusion may not be detected. System audit logs are those files generated from the audit
	system and do not include activity, error, or other log files created by application software.

3.8.14. GEN002720 - Audit Failed File and Program Access Attempts

Summary	The audit system must be configured to audit failed attempts to access files and programs.
	If the system is not configured to audit certain activities and write them to an audit log, it is more difficult to detect and track system compromises and damages incurred during a system
	compromise.

3.8.15. GEN002740 - Audit File and Program Deletion

Summary	The audit system must be configured to audit file deletions.
	If the system is not configured to audit certain activities and write them to an audit log, it is
	more difficult to detect and track system compromises and damages incurred during a system compromise.

3.8.16. GEN002760 - Audit Administrative, Privileged, and Security Actions

,	The audit system must be configured to audit all administrative, privileged, and security actions.
	If the system is not configured to audit certain activities and write them to an audit log, it is more difficult to detect and track system compromises and damages incurred during a system
	compromise.

3.8.17. GEN002800 - Audit Login, Logout, and Session Initiation

Summary	The audit system must be configured to audit login, logout, and session initiation.
Notes	If the system is not configured to audit certain activities and write them to an audit log, it is
	more difficult to detect and track system compromises and damages incurred during a system
	compromise.

3.8.18. GEN002820 - Audit Discretionary Access Control Permission Modifications

•	The audit system must be configured to audit all discretionary access control permission modifications.
	If the system is not configured to audit certain activities and write them to an audit log, it is more difficult to detect and track system compromises and damages incurred during a system
	compromise.

3.8.19. GEN002860 - Audit Logs Rotation

Summary	Audit logs must be rotated daily.
Notes	Rotate audit logs daily to preserve audit file system space and to conform to the DoD/DISA
	requirement. If it is not rotated daily and moved to another location, then there is more of a
	chance for the compromise of audit data by malicious users.

3.8.20. GEN003820 - Remote Login or Shell is Enabled

Summary	The rsh daemon must not be running.
Notes	The rshd process provides a typically unencrypted, host-authenticated remote access service.
	SSH should be used in place of this service.

3.8.21. GEN003840 - The rexec Service is Enabled

Summary	The rexec daemon must not be running.
Notes	The rexecd process provides a typically unencrypted, host-authenticated remote access
	service. SSH should be used in place of this service.

3.8.22. GEN004220 - The root Account's Browser

Summary	Administrative accounts must not run a web browser, except as needed for local service administration.
Notes	If a web browser flaw is exploited while running as a privileged user, the entire system could be compromised. Specific exceptions for local service administration should be documented in site-defined policy. These exceptions may include HTTP(S)-based tools used for the administration of the local system, services, or attached devices. Examples of possible exceptions are HP's System Management Homepage (SMH), the CUPS administrative interface, and Sun's StorageTek Common Array Manager (CAM) when these services are running on the local system.

3.8.23. GEN004400 - File Executed Through Aliases Accessibility

1	•	Files executed through a mail aliases file must be owned by root and must reside within a directory owned and writable only by root.
]	Notes	If a file executed through a mail aliases file is not owned and writable only by root, it may be
		subject to unauthorized modification. Unauthorized modification of files executed through
		aliases may allow unauthorized users to attain root privileges.

3.8.24. GEN004580 - .forward Files

Summary	The system must not use .forward files.
Notes	The .forward file allows users to automatically forward mail to another system. Use of
	forward files could allow the unauthorized forwarding of mail and could potentially create
	mail loops which could degrade system performance.

3.8.25. GEN004600 - Sendmail Version

Summary	The SMTP service must be an up-to-date version.
Notes	The SMTP service version on the system must be current to avoid exposing vulnerabilities
	present in unpatched versions.

3.8.26. GEN004620 - Sendmail DEBUG Command

Summary	The Sendmail server must have the debug feature disabled.
Notes	Debug mode is a feature present in older versions of Sendmail which, if not disabled, may
	allow an attacker to gain access to a system through the Sendmail service.

3.8.27. GEN004640 - Sendmail DECODE Command

Summary	The SMTP service must not have a uudecode alias active.
	A common configuration for older Mail Transfer Agents (MTAs) includes an alias for the
	decode user. All mail sent to this user is sent to the uudecode program, which automatically
	converts and stores files. By sending mail to decode or uudecode aliases present on some
	systems, a remote attacker may be able to create or overwrite files on the remote host. This
	could possibly be used to gain remote access.

3.8.28. GEN005000 - Anonymous FTP Account Shell

Summary	Anonymous FTP accounts must not have a functional shell.
Notes	If an anonymous FTP account has been configured to use a functional shell, attackers could
	gain access to the shell if the account is compromised.

3.8.29. GEN005020 - Anonymous FTP Configuration

Summary	The anonymous FTP account must be configured to use chroot or a similarly isolated
	environment.
	If an anonymous FTP account does not use a chroot or similarly isolated environment, the
	system may be more vulnerable to exploits against the FTP service. Such exploits could allow
	an attacker to gain shell access to the system and view, edit, or remove sensitive files.

3.8.30. GEN005080 - TFTP Secure Mode

*	The TFTP daemon must operate in "secure mode" which provides access only to a single directory on the host file system.
	Secure mode limits TFTP requests to a specific directory. If TFTP is not running in secure mode, it may be able to write to any file or directory and may seriously impair system integrity, confidentiality, and availability.

3.8.31. GEN005100 - TFTP SUID/SGID Bit

Summary	The TFTP daemon must have mode 0755 or less permissions.
Notes	If TFTP runs with the setuid or setgid bit set, it may be able to write to any file or directory
	and may seriously impair system integrity, confidentiality, and availability.

3.8.32. GEN005140 - TFTP Documentation

Summary	Any active TFTP daemon must be authorized and approved in the system accreditation package.
Notes	TFTP is a file transfer protocol often used by embedded systems to obtain configuration data
	or software. The service is unencrypted and does not require authentication of requests. Data
	available using this service may be subject to unauthorized access or interception.

3.8.33. GEN005200 - X Displays Exporting

Summary	X displays must not be exported to the world.
	Open X displays allow an attacker to capture keystrokes and to execute commands remotely. Many users have their X Server set to xhost +, permitting access to the X Server by anyone,
	from anywhere.

3.8.34. GEN005300 - Changed SNMP Community Strings

Summary	SNMP communities, users, and passphrases must be changed from the default.
	Whether active or not, default SNMP passwords, users, and passphrases must be changed to maintain security. If the service is running with the default authenticators, then anyone can gather data about the system and the network and use the information to potentially compromise the integrity of the system or network(s).

3.8.35. GEN005500 - SSH Version 1 Compatibility

Summary	The SSH daemon must be configured to only use the SSHv2 protocol.
Notes	SSHv1 is not a DoD-approved protocol and has many well-known vulnerability exploits.
	Exploits of the SSH daemon could provide immediate root access to the system.

3.8.36. GEN006380 - NIS/NIS+ Implemented Under UDP

Summary	The system must not use UDP for NIS/NIS+.
Notes	Implementing NIS or NIS+ under UDP may make the system more susceptible to a Denial of
	Service attack and does not provide the same quality of service as TCP.

3.9. Environment Requirements

The Freeway software is intended to be installed and run only on a Protogate Freeway system. See any of the *Freeway 3xxx Hardware Installation Guide* documents for details about a specific Freeway model -- for example, *Freeway 3415 Hardware Installation Guide (DC-900-2034)*. The Freeway software does not have any other environmental requirements -- though the Freeway is usually connected to an IP network and to one or more serial-link WAN connections, the Freeway software must be able to run without any connections.

3.10. Computer Resource Requirements

This section describes the Freeway's computer resource requirements. The Freeway software always runs on a Protogate Freeway chassis, so it must never require more resources than any Freeway chassis can provide.

3.10.1. Computer Hardware Requirements

The Freeway software is intended to be installed and run only on a Protogate Freeway system. See any of the *Freeway Hardware Installation Guide* documents for details about a specific Freeway model -- for example, *Freeway 3415 Hardware Installation Guide* (DC-900-2034).

3.10.2. Computer Software Requirements

The Freeway software does not use or require any other software; it is completely self-contained and complete.

3.10.3. Computer Communications Requirements

Depending on the intended use, a Freeway may be connected to one or more serial-link data communication connections; one or more 10BASE-T/UTP, 100BASE-TX, or 1000BASE-T Ethernet IP network connections; one or more 1000BASE-X, 10GBASE-SR, or 10GBASE-LR Fiber Ethernet IP network connections; and/or a serial link console terminal. However, none of these connections is required, and a Freeway could be configured in such a way that none of these connections is used or necessary.

3.11. Software Quality Factors

The two software quality factors imposed on the Freeway software are that it must maintain high performance and it must be reliable.

As a performance measurement example, when run on any Freeway with a full complement (11) of 8-port ICP boards installed, the Freeway software should be able to send and receive a constant stream of 1000-byte data messages continually and simultaneously on all 88 separate data links, all running at 9600 bits per second -- while simultaneously passing all data messages to and from 88 separate client connections. The Freeway software should be able to perform all that message handling without ever failing to transmit a data message, without losing a data message or any bytes of any data message, without ever reporting the receipt of any data message out of order, and without delaying the transmission or reported reception of any data message.

As a measure of reliability, the Freeway software must be able to perform the performance test described above flawlessly for 7 continuous 24-hour days.

3.12. Design and Implementation Constraints

No design or implementation constraints are imposed on the Freeway software; the design of the Freeway software is free to use any methods or techniques which result in meeting the other requirements of this SRS.

3.13. Personnel-related Requirements

No personnel-related requirements are imposed on the Freeway software.

3.14. Training-related Requirements

No training-related requirements are imposed on the Freeway software.

3.15. Logistics-related Requirements

No logistics-related requirements are imposed on the Freeway software.

3.16. Other Requirements

No other requirements are imposed on the Freeway software.

3.17. Packaging Requirements

No packaging requirements are imposed on the Freeway software.

3.18. Precedence and Criticality of Requirements

All requirements specified in this SRS have equal weight.

Chapter 4. Qualification Provisions

This section defines a set of qualification methods and specifies, for each requirement in Chapter 3, methods or procedures which can be used to ensure that the requirement has been met.

Table 4-1. Freeway Software Qualification Methods

Section	Requirement Name	Qualification Method	Notes	
Section 3.2.1	DLI/TSI Server	Test	Setup a Freeway with at least 2 serial datalink ports, loaded with sps_2432b.mem, and with a loopback connector between the 2 serial datalink ports; run the spsalp loopback test.	
Section 3.2.2	ICP Host	Test	Setup a Freeway with at least 2 serial datalink ports, loaded with sps_2432b.mem, and with a loopback connector between the 2 serial datalink ports; run the spsalp loopback test.	
Section 3.2.3	User Interface	Test	Login to a Freeway and traverse the user menus.	
Section 3.8.1	GEN000100 - Supported Release	Test	Login to a Freeway and execute the command uname -a, and verify that the results match the version number listed in the Freeway Software Version Description (SVD) - DC-900-2023 document.	
Section 3.8.2	GEN000120 - Supported Components	Test	Login to a Freeway and execute the command pkg info, and verify that the results match the version numbers listed in the <i>Freeway Software Version Description (SVD) - DC-900-2023</i> document.	
Section 3.8.3	GEN000240 - Network Time-Server	Check	Login to the Freeway and execute the command ps -ax grep "ntpd" to verify that the ntpd daemon is running, and the command more /tmp/ntp.conf to verify that NTP configuration is as desired. If the Freeway has had time to synchronize with other NTP servers, the command ntpq -p will show which peers it has synchronized with. See the <i>Freeway Security Features User's Guide (SFUG) - DC-908-3004</i> document for details about NTP.	
Section 3.8.4	GEN000400 - Logon Warning Banner Display	Check	Login to the Freeway and execute the command more /etc/ssh/sshd_config to verify that the "Banner" keyword is set to "/etc/motd", and the command more /etc/motd to see the text which is displayed upon login. See the <i>Freeway Security Features User's Guide (SFUG) - DC-908-3004</i> document for details about the login banner.	
Section 3.8.5	GEN000440 - Logging Login Attempts	Check	Login to the Freeway and execute the command last; grep "authentication error" /var/log/all.log to verify that both successful and unsuccessful logins are logged. See the Freeway Security Features User's Guide (SFUG) - DC-908-3004 document for details about logging.	

Section		Qualification Method	Notes	
Section 3.8.6	GEN000560 - Password Protect Enabled Accounts	Check	Login to the Freeway, su - shell to become a root-level user, and execute the command awk -F':' '{ if (\$2 == NULL) print \$0; }' < /etc/master.passwd to verify that there are no users with empty passwords. See the <i>Freeway User's Guide - DC-900-1333</i> and <i>Freeway Security Features User's Guide (SFUG) - DC-908-3004</i> documents for details about user accounts.	
Section 3.8.7	GEN001060 - Log Root Access Attempts	Check	Login to the Freeway, su - shell to become a root-level user, then execute the command tail -f /var/log/all.log, then on another login shell execute the command su - shell, and verify that a log entry for that appears in the file being displayed in the first shell. See the <i>Freeway User's Guide - DC-900-1333</i> and <i>Freeway Security Features User's Guide</i> (SFUG) - DC-908-3004 documents for details about user accounts.	
Section 3.8.8	GEN001100 - Encrypting Root Access	Check	Login to the Freeway, su - shell to become a root-level user, then execute the command last grep "^\(root\ shell\)" egrep -v "ttyu" more; to verify that root has not logged in over the network, and then the command ps -axww grep sshd to verify that the sshd daemon is running. See the Freeway User's Guide - DC-900-1333 and Freeway Security Features User's Guide (SFUG) - DC-908-3004 documents for details about user accounts.	
Section 3.8.9	GEN001120 - Direct Root Access	Check	Login to the Freeway, su - shell to become a root-level user, then execute the command find / -name sshd_config -print; grep -v "^#" /tmp/etc/ssh/sshd_config grep -i permitrootlogin to verify that there is no "permitrootlogin yes" line, and therefore that root is not permitted to login directly across the network. See the Freeway User's Guide - DC-900-1333 and Freeway Security Features User's Guide (SFUG) - DC-908-3004 documents for details about user accounts.	
Section 3.8.10	GEN001640 - Run Control Scripts World Writable Programs or Scripts	Check	Login to the Freeway, su - shell to become a root-level user, then execute the command ls -l /tmp/boot/rc*; ls -l /tmp/*sh, to verify that none are world- or other- writeable. See the Freeway User's Guide - DC-900-1333 and Freeway Security Features User's Guide (SFUG) - DC-908-3004 documents for details about user accounts.	
Section 3.8.11	GEN002040 - Access Control Files Documentation	Check	Login to the Freeway, su - shell to become a root-level user, then execute the command find / -name .rhosts; find / -name .shosts; find / -name hosts.equiv; find / -name shosts.equiv, to verify that none of those files exist. See the Freeway User's Guide - DC-900-1333 and Freeway Security Features User's Guide (SFUG) - DC-908-3004 documents for details about user accounts.	

Section	Requirement Name	Qualification Method	Notes		
Section 3.8.12	GEN002680 - Audit Logs Accessibility	Check	Login to the Freeway, su - shell to become a root-level user, then execute the command ls -la /var/audit/, to verify that all of the files in that directory are owned by the root-level user (root or shell), and that none of the files in that directory are accessible in any way by any user other than a root-level user (root or shell), or by the audit group. See the <i>Freeway User's Guide -DC-900-1333</i> and <i>Freeway Security Features User's Guide (SFUG) - DC-908-3004</i> documents for details about file access permissions.		
Section 3.8.13	GEN002700 - Audit Logs Permissions	Check	Login to the Freeway, su - shell to become a root-level user, then execute the command more /etc/security/audit_control; ls -la /var/audit, to verify that the auditing capability is configured as desired, and that none of the files in /var/audit/ are accessible in any way by any user other than a root-level user (root or shell), or by the audit group. See the <i>Freeway User's Guide - DC-900-1333</i> and <i>Freeway Security Features User's Guide</i> (SFUG) - DC-908-3004 documents for details about file access permissions.		
Section 3.8.14	GEN002720 - Audit Failed File and Program Access Attempts	Check	Login to the Freeway, su - shell to become a root-level user, then execute the command more /etc/security/audit_user, to verify that "fr" or "-fr" is listed before the second ":" for all users other than the root or shell user. See the Freeway User's Guide - DC-900-1333 and Freeway Security Features User's Guide (SFUG) - DC-908-3004 documents for details about the Freeway auditing.		
Section 3.8.15	GEN002740 - Audit File and Program Deletion	Check	Login to the Freeway, su - shell to become a root-level user, then execute the command more /etc/security/audit_user, to verify that "fd" or "+fd" and "-fd" are listed before the second ":" for all users other than the root or shell user. See the Freeway User's Guide - DC-900-1333 and Freeway Security Features User's Guide (SFUG) - DC-908-3004 documents for details about the Freeway auditing.		
Section 3.8.16	GEN002760 - Audit Administrative, Privileged, and Security Actions	Check	Login to the Freeway, su - shell to become a root-level user, then execute the command grep flags /etc/security/audit_control and more /etc/security/audit_user, to verify that either 'ad' or '+ad' and '-ad' are listed on the "flags" line of /etc/security/audit_control or before the second ":" for all users other than the root or shell user, in /etc/security/audit_user. See the Freeway User's Guide - DC-900-1333 and Freeway Security Features User's Guide (SFUG) - DC-908-3004 documents for details about the Freeway auditing.		

Section	Requirement Name	Qualification Method	Notes	
Section 3.8.17	GEN002800 - Audit Login, Logout, and Session Initiation	Check	Login to the Freeway, su - shell to become a root-level user, then execute the command grep flags /etc/security/audit_control to verify that either 'lo' or '+lo' and '-lo' are listed on the "flags" and "naflags" lines of /etc/security/audit_control. See the Freeway User's Guide - DC-900-1333 and Freeway Security Features User's Guide (SFUG) - DC-908-3004 documents for details about the Freeway auditing.	
Section 3.8.18	GEN002820 - Audit Discretionary Access Control Permission Modifications	Check	Login to the Freeway, su - shell to become a root-level user, then execute the command grep flags /etc/security/audit_control and more /etc/security/audit_user, to verify that either 'fm' or '+fm' and '-fm' are listed on the "flags" line of /etc/security/audit_control or before the second ":" for all users other than the root or shell user, in /etc/security/audit_user. See the Freeway User's Guide - DC-900-1333 and Freeway Security Features User's Guide (SFUG) - DC-908-3004 documents for details about the Freeway auditing.	
Section 3.8.19	GEN002860 - Audit Logs Rotation	Check	Login to the Freeway, su - shell to become a root-level user, then execute the command cat /etc/crontab and cat /etc/security/audit_warn, to find scripts or "closefile" commands which rotate audit log files to long-term storage. See the Freeway User's Guide - DC-900-1333 and Freeway Security Features User's Guide (SFUG) - DC-908-3004 documents for details about the Freeway auditing.	
Section 3.8.20	GEN003820 - Remote Login or Shell is Enabled	Check	Login to the Freeway, su - shell to become a root-level user, then execute the command grep -v "^#" /etc/inetd.conf grep rlogind; grep -v "^#" /etc/inetd.conf grep rshd to find any lines which enable the rlogind or rshd daemons, to verify that neither rlogind nor rshd are enabled. See the Freeway User's Guide - DC-900-1333 and Freeway Security Features User's Guide (SFUG) - DC-908-3004 documents for details about telnet and rlogin access to a Freeway.	
Section 3.8.21	GEN003840 - rexec Service is Enabled	Check	Login to the Freeway, su - shell to become a root-level user, then execute the command grep -v "^#" /etc/inetd.conf grep rexec to find any lines which enable the rexec daemon, to verify that rexec is not enabled. See the <i>Freeway User's Guide</i> - DC-900-1333 and <i>Freeway Security Features User's Guide</i> (SFUG) - DC-908-3004 documents for details about telnet and rlogin access to a Freeway.	
Section 3.8.22	GEN004220 - Root Account's Browser	Check	Login to the Freeway, su - shell to become a root-level user, then execute the command ls -la /root, to find any browser configuration files for the root user, to verify that none exist.	

Section	-	Qualification Method	Notes		
Section 3.8.23	GEN004400 - File Executed Through Aliases Accessibility	Check	Login to the Freeway, su - shell to become a root-level user, then execute the command find / -name aliases -depth -print, to find any "aliases" file. That file should not exist anywhere on a Freeway, because Freeways do not support email of any kind.		
Section 3.8.24	GEN004580 - .forward Files	Check	Login to the Freeway, su - shell to become a root-level user, then execute the command find / -name .forward -depth -print, to find any ".forward" files. That file should not exist anywhere on a Freeway, because Freeways do not support email of any kind.		
Section 3.8.25	GEN004600 - Sendmail Version	Check	Login to the Freeway, su - shell to become a root-level user, then execute the command ls -l /var/mail /etc/mail, to verify that those directories do not exist, and that sendmail cannot run on the Freeway. Freeways do not support email of any kind.		
Section 3.8.26	GEN004620 - Sendmail DEBUG Command	Check	Login to the Freeway, su - shell to become a root-level user, then execute the command telnet localhost 25, to verify that the result is "Connection refused", because sendmail is not running on the Freeway. Freeways do not support email of any kind.		
Section 3.8.27	GEN004640 - Sendmail DECODE Command	Check	Login to the Freeway, su - shell to become a root-level user, then execute the command telnet localhost 25, to verify that the result is "Connection refused", because sendmail is not running on the Freeway. Freeways do not support email of any kind.		
Section 3.8.28	GEN005000 - Anonymous FTP Account Shell	Check	Login to the Freeway, su - shell to become a root-level user, then execute the command grep "^ftp" /etc/passwd, to verify that there is no active ftp line in /etc/passwd, which means that anonymous FTP is not allowed.		
Section 3.8.29	GEN005020 - Anonymous FTP Account Shell	Check	Login to the Freeway, su - shell to become a root-level user, then execute the command grep "^ftp" /etc/passwd, to verify that there is no active ftp line in /etc/passwd, which means that anonymous FTP is not allowed.		
Section 3.8.30	GEN005080 - TFTP Secure Mode	Check	Login to the Freeway, su - shell to become a root-level user, then execute the command grep "tftp" /etc/inetd.conf, to verify that tftp is not configured or enabled.		
Section 3.8.31	GEN005100 - TFTP SUID/SGID Bit	Check	Login to the Freeway, su - shell to become a root-level user, then execute the command find / -name "*tftpd" -print; ls -la /usr/libexec/tftpd, to verify that neither the SUID nor SGID bits are set on the tftp file (you should see permission bits similar to "-r-xr-xr-x", with no 's' characters).		
Section 3.8.32	GEN005140 - TFTP Documentation	Check	Login to the Freeway, su - shell to become a root-level user, then execute the command grep -v "^#" /etc/inetd.conf grep tftp, to verify that tftp is not configured or enabled.		

Section		Qualification Method	Notes	
Section 3.8.33	GEN005200 - X Displays Exporting		Login to the Freeway, su - shell to become a root-level user, then execute the command ps -ax grep X, to verify that Freeway does not run XWindow.	
Section 3.8.34	GEN005300 - Changed SNMP Community Strings	Check	Login to the Freeway, su - shell to become a root-level user, then execute the command find / -name snmpd.conf -print; more /usr/local/share/snmp/snmpd.conf and look for the "rocommunity" line to verify that it is set to the desired character string.	
Section 3.8.35	GEN005500 - SSH Version 1 Compatibility		Login to the Freeway, su - shell to become a root-level user, then execute the command grep -i Protocol 'find / -name sshd_config' and verify that there is no uncommented line enabling SSH version 1.	
Section 3.8.36	GEN006380 - NIS/NIS+ Implemented Under UDP	Check	Login to the Freeway, su - shell to become a root-level user, then execute the command rpcinfo -p grep yp grep udp and verify that it produces an error message, because neither NIS/NIS+ nor rpcbind are running on the Freeway.	
Section 3.11	Software Quality	Test	Setup Freeway with a full set of serial datalink ports, loaded with sps_2432b.mem, and with loopback connectors between all port pairs; run all possible spsalp loopback tests simultaneously at 9600bps on all the port pairs, for 7 days. While those tests are running, make a separate login to the Freeway and run the top utility to verify that "% idle" time is more than 0%.	

Chapter 5. Requirements Traceability

This document specifies the software requirements of the Freeway software only, without reference to any higher-level or lower-level components of any other system(s) of which the Freeway software might be a part. There is therefore no traceability of the requirements specified in this SRS to any other system or subsystem requirements.

Chapter 6. Notes

This chapter contains general information to aid in understanding this document.

Table 6-1. Acronym definitions

Acronym	Definition
CSCI	Computer System Configuration Item
DID	Data Item Description
DLI	Data Link Interface
ICP	Intelligent Communication Processor
IP	Internet Protocol
SRS	Software Requirements Specification
STIG	Security Technical Implementation Guide
TSI	Transport Subsystem Interface
WAN	Wide Area Network

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Customer Report Form

Customer Report Form

We at Protogate are constantly striving to improve our products. If you have any suggestions or problems you would like to report regarding our hardware, software, or documentation, please complete the following form and mail it to us at Protogate, Inc., 12225 World Trade Drive, Suite R, San Diego, CA, 92128, USA. Or email a PDF or a plain text copy of the form to <support@protogate.com>, or call us at (US) (858) 451-0865. Please also include the document title or number and the section and page number, if applicable.

Your Name and Phone Number:		
Company:		
Address:		
Product:		
Problem or Suggestion:		
Thank you.		